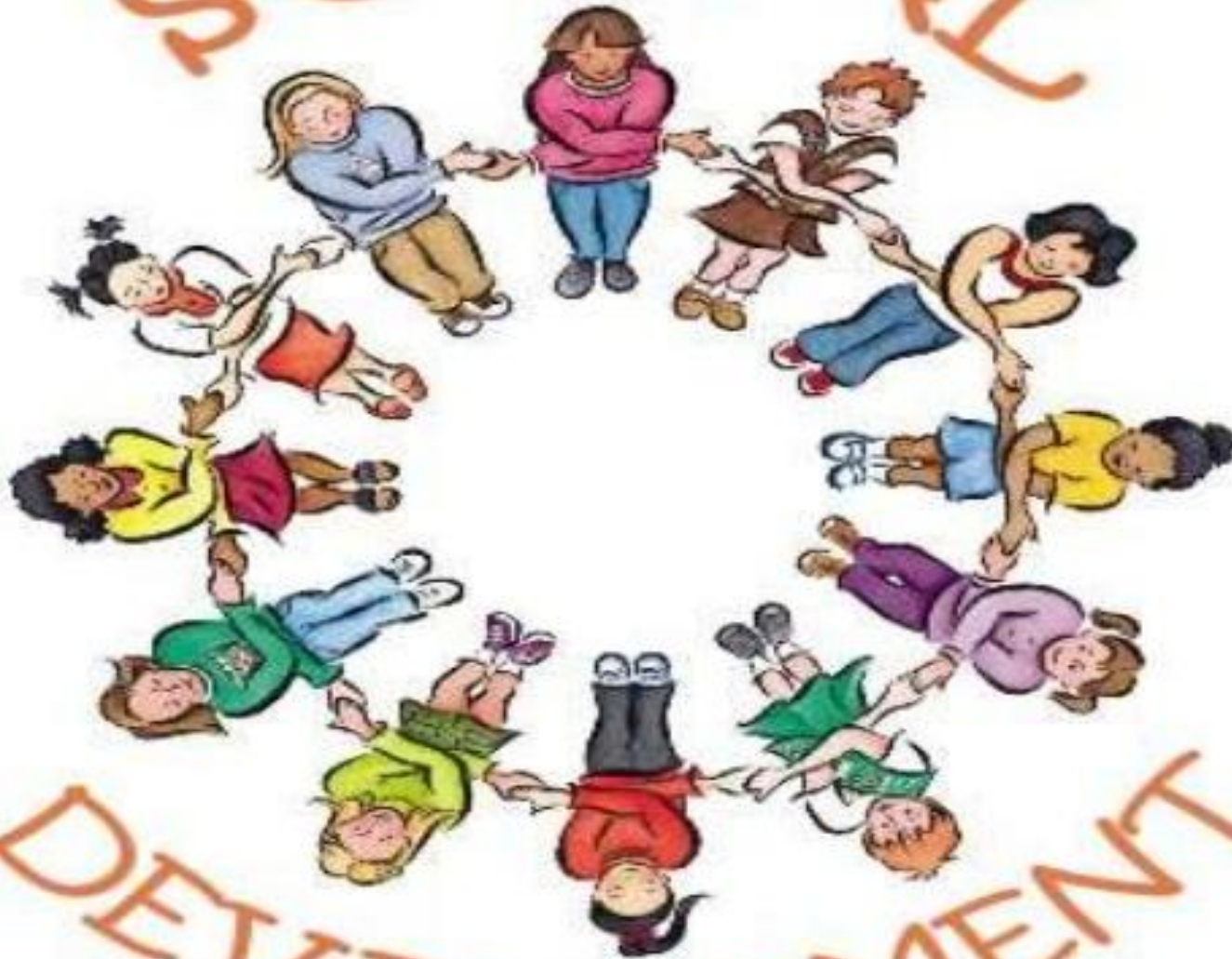


Social Development

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SOCIAL



DEVELOPMENT

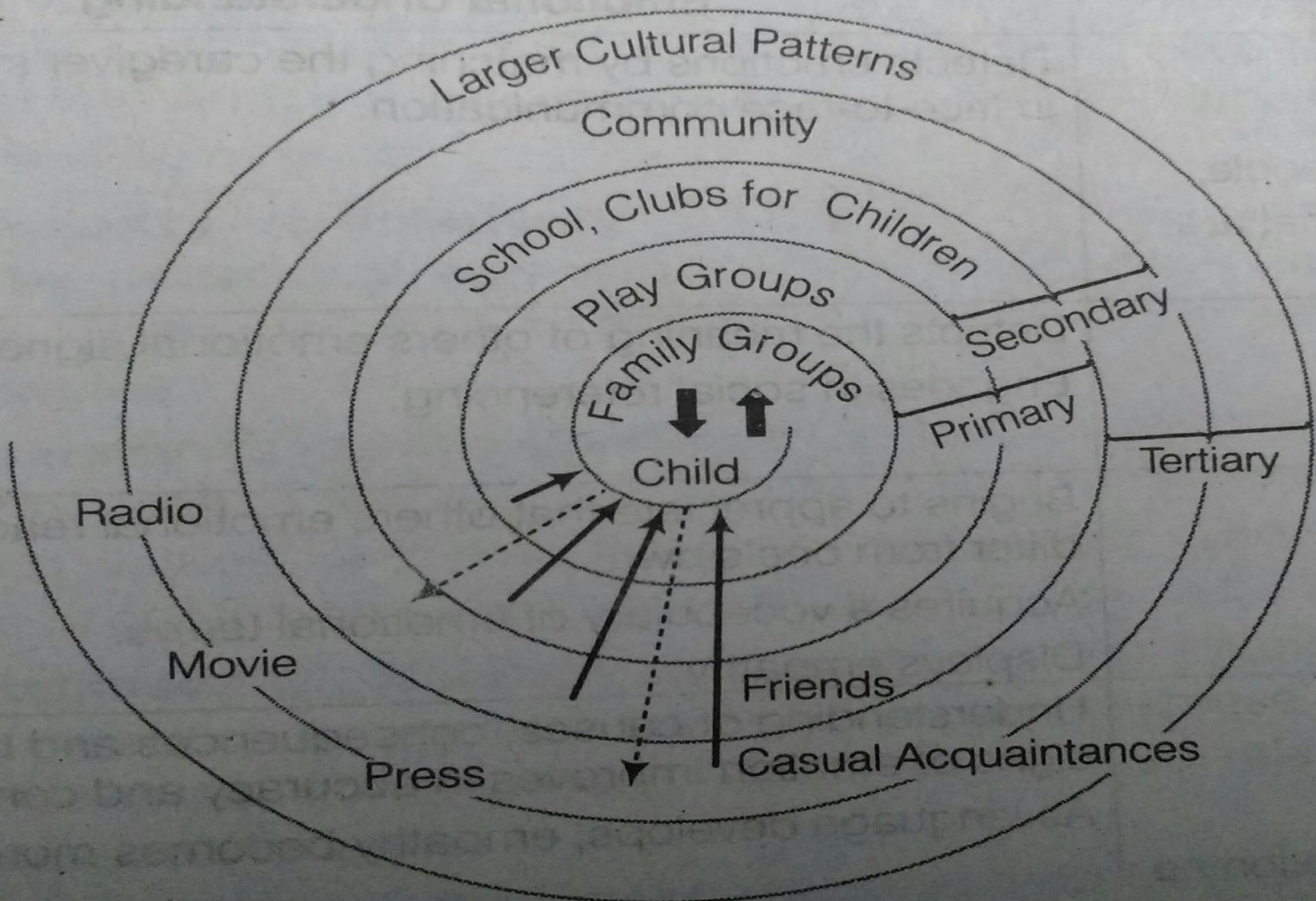
Social Development

“It can be defined as the progressive improvement through directed activity, of the individual in the comprehension of social heritage and the formation of flexible conduct patterns of reasonable conformity with this heritage.”

----- FF Powers

- ❑ Social dev. as the progressive improvement has been emphasized.
- ❑ An individual is not passive & static.
- ❑ He/she becomes the active member of the group by his/her interest & desires.
- ❑ Social dev. Involves learning the values, knowledge & skills that enable children to relate to others effectively & to contribute in positive ways in family, school & community.
- ❑ Family, friends, society and culture directly or indirectly pass this learning to the children.
- ❑ Children build a sense about themselves & their social roles, through their relationships with others.

- ❑ As children develop socially, they respond to influences around them and play an active part in shaping their relationships.
- ❑ Thus, social dev. is the progressive development by means of which, the child maintains order & system in his/her relation with others in the community/society.
- ❑ During different stages of development, social circumstances, relations with others and expectations undergo constant changes.



Horizon of Child's Experience and Interactions

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WHAT IS SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT?

- Social Development means acquisition of the ability to behave in accordance with social expectations.
- Becoming socialized involves three processes which, although they are separate and distinct, are so closely interrelated that failure in any one of them will lower the individual's level of socialization.

PROCESSES IN SOCIALIZATION

- LEARNING TO BEHAVE IN SOCIALLY APPROVED BY WAYS.
- PLAYING APPROVED SOCIAL ROLES.
- DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL ATTITUDES

LEARNING TO BEHAVE IN SOCIALLY APPROVED BY WAYS

- Every social group has its standards of what is approved behavior for its members.
- To become socialized, children must not only know what this approved behavior is, but they must also model their own behavior along the approved lines.

PLAYING APPROVED SOCIAL ROLES

- Every social group has its own patterns of customary behavior that are carefully defined and are expected by members of the group
- There are approved roles, for example, for parents and children and for teachers and pupils.

DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- To become socialized, children must like people and social activities.
- If they do, they will make good social adjustments and be accepted as members of the social group with which they are identified.

Social Development- A child,s social development takes place gradually with his/her age.

Stages of Development	Characteristics
Infancy (0-2 years)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An infant starts understanding his/her environment and forms specific patterns of behaviour regarding the adults with whom he/she comes into contact.• He/she is also influenced by other's interest and choices.• As the child grows older, the pattern of play also reflects the social behaviour and roles.• Play strengthen the appropriate social roles and behaviour of both the sexes

Stages of Dev.

Characteristics

Childhood
(2-11 years)

- At this stage children start to go school and social development of this period influenced by schools atmosphere.
- During this period, the child is away from home for a considerable part of the day. So, in schools, teachers, peers, environment of school affect the social development of the child.
- It is important to create a healthy social environment in classroom, school and playground.
- During this stage, the child adjusts with the changing and varying social world.
- Now, the child is the member of one or the other group, which are different from his/her own set of values and cultures.
- So, the social adjustment process and social development start from the childhood, where the child learns to adjust in the different environment.

Stages of Dev.

Characteristics

Adolescence
(11-18
years)

- At this stage children undergo radical changes both physically and mentally. Thus, it is natural that social development also follows the same.
- It is influenced by interests, needs, values, attitudes etc.
- In this period, the child becomes conscious of his/her sex.
- On one hand, the social distance between boys and girls widens, and on the other, they try to attract each other.
- Self consciousness also increases during this stage.
- At home, young boys & girls are often found contradicting their parents and causing conflicts.
- At this stage individuals need guidance, counselling & direction

Stages of Dev.

Characteristics

Adulthood
(18 years onwards)

- At this stage a person's social development is influenced by strong and tangible influences like permanent & suitable occupation, good social & economic position, peace and calm of married life.
- Friendship, control over emotions, desire and ability to cooperate with others, economic independence, social and moral order, cultured and pleasant mannerism etc, all these qualities help the person to adjust properly in the society



Thank You